# A. Course Name: Mastering CRM: Strategies, Implementation, and Future Trends

1. Introduction to CRM: 5%

2. Key Components of CRM: 10%

3. Choosing the Right CRM Solution: 10%

4. Implementing CRM: 15%

5. CRM Best Practices: 15%

6. CRM Metrics and Analytics: 15%

7. Advanced CRM Features and Tools: 10%

8. Case Studies and Real-World Examples: 10%

9. CRM Security and Compliance: 5%

10. Future Trends in CRM: 5%

## B. Course Outline:

#### Module 1: Introduction to CRM

## 1.1 Understanding the Concept of CRM

- CRM Definition and Scope
  - Defining CRM and its significance in modern business operations.
  - Exploring the scope of CRM beyond customer data management to encompass sales, marketing, and customer service functions.

#### Evolution of CRM

- Tracing the historical development of CRM from traditional methods to modern, technology-driven solutions.
- Examining key milestones and paradigm shifts in CRM adoption across industries and sectors.

## 1.2 Importance of CRM in Modern Business

## Business Value Proposition

 Articulating the business benefits and competitive advantages of implementing CRM systems. • Illustrating real-world case studies and success stories of organizations that have achieved tangible results through CRM initiatives.

## • Impact on Customer Experience

- Analyzing the role of CRM in enhancing customer satisfaction, loyalty, and retention.
- Demonstrating how personalized interactions and targeted marketing strategies can drive customer engagement and brand advocacy.

#### 1.3 Benefits and Advantages of Implementing CRM

## • Operational Efficiency

- Discussing how CRM streamlines business processes, automates routine tasks, and improves workflow efficiency.
- Highlighting the cost-saving benefits and productivity gains associated with CRM adoption.

## • Data-Driven Decision Making

- Emphasizing the role of CRM in providing actionable insights and data-driven intelligence for informed decision-making.
- Exploring how analytics and reporting capabilities empower organizations to identify trends, anticipate customer needs, and capitalize on market opportunities.

## Module 2: Key Components of CRM

#### 2.1 Customer Data Management

## • Data Capture Techniques

- Exploring various data capture methods such as web forms, email subscriptions, and social media interactions.
- Best practices for capturing accurate and relevant customer information.

#### Data Quality Assurance

- Techniques for ensuring data accuracy, consistency, and completeness.
- Implementing validation rules and data cleansing procedures.

#### Data Segmentation and Personalization

- Strategies for segmenting customer data based on demographics, behavior, and preferences.
- Leveraging segmentation for personalized marketing campaigns and targeted communication.

#### 2.2 Sales Force Automation (SFA)

## • Lead Management Workflow

- Designing an effective lead management process from lead acquisition to qualification and conversion.
- Implementing lead scoring models to prioritize high-quality leads.

## • Opportunity Management

- Understanding the sales pipeline stages and tracking opportunities through the sales funnel.
- Techniques for forecasting sales revenue and managing sales quotas.

## • Integration with Sales Tools

• Integrating CRM with sales tools such as email clients, calendars, and document management systems for seamless workflow automation.

## 2.3 Marketing Automation

## Email Marketing Campaigns

- Designing and executing targeted email campaigns using CRM marketing automation features.
- A/B testing strategies for optimizing email subject lines, content, and timing.

## • Lead Nurturing Strategies

- Creating automated lead nurturing workflows to engage prospects at different stages of the buyer's journey.
- Using dynamic content and personalized messaging to nurture leads towards conversion.

#### Measuring Marketing ROI

- Tracking key metrics such as conversion rates, click-through rates, and ROI to evaluate the effectiveness of marketing campaigns.
- Utilizing marketing analytics to identify trends and optimize marketing strategies.

## 2.4 Customer Service and Support

#### Ticketing and Case Management

- Setting up a ticketing system to track and manage customer inquiries, issues, and requests.
- Implementing case escalation processes to ensure timely resolution of customer issues.

#### • Knowledge Management

- Building a centralized knowledge base of frequently asked questions, troubleshooting guides, and product documentation.
- Enabling self-service support options for customers to find solutions independently.

## • Service Level Agreement (SLA) Management

- Defining SLA parameters such as response time, resolution time, and service quality standards.
- Monitoring SLA compliance and implementing corrective actions to address service level deviations.

#### 2.5 Analytics and Reporting

#### Descriptive Analytics

- Generating standard reports and dashboards to visualize key CRM metrics such as sales performance, customer engagement, and pipeline health.
- Exploring data trends and patterns to gain actionable insights into customer behavior and market trends.

#### Diagnostic Analytics

- Analyzing root causes of performance issues or discrepancies identified through descriptive analytics.
- Conducting ad-hoc data analysis to investigate specific business questions or hypotheses.

## Predictive Analytics

- Leveraging predictive modeling techniques to forecast future customer behavior, sales trends, and market demand.
- Implementing predictive lead scoring models to prioritize sales opportunities based on their likelihood to convert

## Module 3: Choosing the Right CRM Solution

## 3.1 Factors to Consider When Selecting a CRM System

## • Business Requirements Analysis

- Conducting a comprehensive assessment of organizational needs, goals, and pain points to define CRM requirements.
- Prioritizing feature requirements based on business priorities, user preferences, and technical constraints.

#### Scalability and Flexibility

- Evaluating CRM solutions based on their scalability, flexibility, and adaptability to accommodate future growth and changing business dynamics.
- Assessing scalability options such as cloud-based deployment, modular architecture, and integration capabilities.

#### 3.2 Types of CRM Systems

#### On-Premise vs. Cloud-Based CRM

- Contrasting on-premise and cloud-based CRM deployment models in terms of cost, security, accessibility, and scalability.
- Analyzing the pros and cons of each deployment option and identifying the best fit for organizational requirements and preferences.

#### Open Source vs. Proprietary CRM

- Comparing open-source and proprietary CRM software solutions in terms of cost, customization, community support, and vendor lock-in risks.
- Exploring popular open-source CRM platforms and their features, such as SugarCRM,
  SuiteCRM, and vTiger CRM.

## 3.3 Popular CRM Platforms Comparison

#### Salesforce

- Providing an overview of Salesforce CRM features, modules, and editions tailored to different business sizes and industries.
- Highlighting key functionalities such as lead management, opportunity tracking, forecasting, and integration with third-party applications.

## HubSpot

- Exploring HubSpot CRM's inbound marketing approach, including lead generation, email marketing, social media integration, and marketing automation features.
- Discussing HubSpot's free CRM offering and its integration with other HubSpot products for comprehensive inbound marketing and sales solutions.

#### Zoho CRM

- Reviewing Zoho CRM's suite of sales, marketing, and customer support tools designed for small and medium-sized businesses (SMBs).
- Discussing Zoho CRM's customization options, workflow automation capabilities, and integration with Zoho's ecosystem of business applications.

## Module 4: Implementing CRM

## **4.1 Planning the Implementation Process**

#### Needs Assessment and Goal Setting

- Conducting stakeholder interviews and workshops to gather requirements, define objectives, and align CRM implementation goals with organizational strategy.
- Developing a project roadmap and timeline with clear milestones, deliverables, and resource allocations.

## **4.2 Data Migration Strategies**

#### Data Assessment and Cleansing

- Assessing the quality, completeness, and consistency of existing data to identify data cleansing and normalization requirements.
- Developing data migration plans and strategies to ensure smooth transition and data integrity during CRM implementation.

#### 4.3 Integration with Existing Systems

#### • System Integration Planning

- Identifying integration points and dependencies between CRM and other enterprise systems such as ERP, marketing automation, and customer support platforms.
- Developing integration architectures, data mapping schemas, and API specifications to facilitate seamless data exchange and interoperability.

#### 4.4 Training and Change Management

#### • End-User Training Programs

- Designing customized training programs and materials tailored to different user roles, skill levels, and learning styles.
- Conducting hands-on workshops, online tutorials, and knowledge transfer sessions to familiarize users with CRM features, workflows, and best practices.

## Module 5: CRM Best Practices

## 5.1 Building and Maintaining a Clean Customer Database

#### • Data Governance Policies

- Establishing data governance policies, procedures, and standards to ensure data quality, consistency, and compliance with regulatory requirements.
- Implementing data validation rules, de-duplication routines, and data cleansing workflows to maintain a clean and accurate customer database.

#### **5.2 Effective Lead Management Strategies**

#### • Lead Qualification Criteria

- Defining lead scoring models and qualification criteria based on demographic, firmographic, and behavioral attributes to prioritize leads for sales engagement.
- Implementing lead routing rules and assignment workflows to route qualified leads to the appropriate sales representatives in a timely manner.

#### 5.3 Personalization and Segmentation Techniques

## Segmentation Strategies

- Segmenting customer data based on demographic, geographic, psychographic, and behavioral characteristics to tailor marketing messages and offers to specific audience segments.
- Leveraging dynamic content, personalization tokens, and behavioral triggers to deliver personalized experiences across multiple channels and touchpoints.

#### **5.4 Automating Repetitive Tasks**

#### Workflow Automation

- Identifying repetitive tasks and manual processes that can be automated using CRM workflow automation tools and features.
- Designing automated workflows, triggers, and alerts to streamline routine tasks, reduce manual effort, and improve operational efficiency.

## **5.5 Customer Retention Strategies**

#### Customer Feedback and Satisfaction Monitoring

- Implementing customer feedback mechanisms such as surveys, feedback forms, and Net Promoter Score (NPS) surveys to measure customer satisfaction and loyalty.
- Analyzing customer feedback data to identify areas for improvement, address customer concerns, and proactively prevent churn.

#### Module 6: CRM Metrics and Analytics

#### 6.1 Key Performance Indicators (KPIs) for CRM

#### Sales Performance Metrics

- Tracking KPIs such as sales revenue, win rate, average deal size, and sales velocity to measure sales team performance and effectiveness.
- Analyzing sales pipeline metrics such as pipeline value, stage conversion rates, and timeto-close to identify bottlenecks and optimize sales processes.

#### 6.2 Analyzing Sales Pipeline and Forecasting

#### Pipeline Analysis Techniques

- Analyzing sales pipeline data to identify opportunities, assess pipeline health, and forecast future sales revenue.
- Implementing pipeline visualization tools, reports, and dashboards to monitor pipeline trends, identify risks, and prioritize sales activities.

#### 6.3 Customer Lifetime Value (CLV) Calculation

#### • CLV Calculation Models

- Understanding different CLV calculation models such as historic CLV, predictive CLV, and cohort analysis.
- Leveraging CLV insights to segment customers, personalize marketing efforts, and optimize customer acquisition and retention strategies.

#### 6.4 Measuring Customer Satisfaction and Loyalty

#### Customer Satisfaction Metrics

- Utilizing metrics such as customer satisfaction score (CSAT), customer effort score (CES), and customer retention rate (CRR) to measure overall customer satisfaction and loyalty.
- Analyzing customer feedback, testimonials, and online reviews to gauge sentiment and identify areas for improvement.

#### Module 7: Advanced CRM Features and Tools

## 7.1 Al and Machine Learning in CRM

#### Natural Language Processing (NLP)

- Implementing chatbots and virtual assistants powered by NLP to automate customer interactions and provide personalized assistance.
- Analyzing unstructured data sources such as emails, social media posts, and customer reviews using NLP techniques.

#### • Predictive Analytics Models

- Building predictive models for churn prediction, cross-selling, and upselling based on historical customer data.
- Integrating predictive analytics insights into CRM workflows to drive proactive decision-making and targeted marketing campaigns.

#### Sentiment Analysis

- Using sentiment analysis algorithms to analyze customer sentiment expressed in textbased interactions and social media conversations.
- Identifying trends and patterns in customer sentiment to improve product offerings, customer service strategies, and brand reputation management.

#### 7.2 Social CRM and Social Media Integration

#### Social Listening and Monitoring

- Implementing social listening tools to monitor brand mentions, customer conversations, and industry trends across social media platforms.
- Extracting actionable insights from social media data to inform marketing strategies, product development initiatives, and customer engagement efforts.

#### Social Media Engagement

- Engaging with customers directly on social media platforms through comments, messages, and posts to build relationships and foster brand loyalty.
- Leveraging social media channels as customer service touchpoints to address inquiries, resolve issues, and provide timely support.

## 7.3 Mobile CRM Applications

#### Mobile App Design Principles

- Designing intuitive and user-friendly mobile CRM applications optimized for various devices and screen sizes.
- Incorporating mobile-first design principles to enhance usability and accessibility for onthe-go users.

### • Offline Access and Synchronization

- Implementing offline access capabilities in mobile CRM apps to enable users to access and modify data even without an internet connection.
- Synchronizing data between mobile devices and the central CRM system to ensure data consistency and integrity.

#### 7.4 Workflow Automation and Advanced Customization

## Workflow Automation Rules

- Configuring workflow automation rules to automate repetitive tasks, streamline business processes, and enforce standard operating procedures.
- Defining trigger conditions, actions, and approval processes for automated workflows based on specific business rules and requirements.

#### Customization Options

- Customizing CRM modules, fields, layouts, and views to align with unique business needs, industry-specific requirements, and user preferences.
- Implementing custom reports, dashboards, and analytics to provide tailored insights and actionable intelligence for different stakeholders.

## Module 8: Case Studies and Real-World Examples

## 8.1 Success Stories of Companies Implementing CRM Effectively

#### Case Studies Across Industries

- Examining case studies of companies from various industries that have successfully implemented CRM systems to achieve business objectives.
- Analyzing key success factors, challenges overcome, and lessons learned from realworld CRM implementations.

## 8.2 Challenges Faced and Lessons Learned

#### Common Challenges in CRM Implementations

- Identifying common pitfalls and challenges encountered during CRM implementation projects, such as data migration issues, user adoption barriers, and integration complexities.
- Discussing strategies for overcoming challenges, mitigating risks, and ensuring successful CRM deployments.

#### 8.3 Practical Demonstrations of CRM Usage

#### • Live Demos and Use Cases

- Providing practical demonstrations of CRM features, functionalities, and best practices through live simulations and use cases.
- Engaging participants in interactive exercises, role-playing scenarios, and hands-on activities to reinforce learning and application of CRM concepts

## Module 9: CRM Security and Compliance

#### 9.1 Data Security Best Practices

#### Data Encryption Techniques

- Implementing encryption algorithms and protocols to secure sensitive customer data both at rest and in transit.
- Utilizing encryption key management systems to control access to encrypted data and protect against unauthorized access.

#### • Data Masking and Anonymization

- Applying data masking and anonymization techniques to protect personally identifiable information (PII) and sensitive business data from exposure or misuse.
- Redacting or obfuscating sensitive data elements in CRM reports, dashboards, and user interfaces to comply with data privacy regulations.

## 9.2 GDPR and Other Data Protection Regulations

#### GDPR Compliance Framework

- Understanding the key principles and requirements of the General Data Protection Regulation (GDPR) and its implications for CRM systems and practices.
- Developing GDPR compliance strategies, policies, and procedures to ensure lawful and ethical handling of customer data.

#### • Data Subject Rights Management

- Enabling mechanisms for data subjects to exercise their rights under GDPR, including the rights to access, rectify, erase, and port their personal data.
- Establishing processes for managing data subject requests, verifying identities, and responding to inquiries in a timely manner.

#### 9.3 Managing User Permissions and Data Encryption

### Role-Based Access Control (RBAC)

- Implementing RBAC policies to assign granular access permissions and privileges to CRM users based on their roles, responsibilities, and organizational hierarchy.
- Enforcing least privilege principles to restrict access to sensitive data and functionalities only to authorized users with a legitimate business need.

## • Data Encryption and Tokenization

- Employing data encryption and tokenization techniques to protect sensitive data fields such as passwords, credit card numbers, and social security numbers from unauthorized access or disclosure.
- Integrating encryption and tokenization solutions with CRM platforms to ensure end-toend data security and compliance with regulatory requirements.

#### Module 10: Future Trends in CRM

## 10.1 Emerging Technologies Shaping the Future of CRM

## Al and Machine Learning

- Exploring the role of artificial intelligence (AI) and machine learning (ML) in driving innovation and transformation in CRM.
- Discussing Al-powered applications such as predictive analytics, conversational AI, and virtual assistants in CRM.

#### 10.2 Predictive Analytics and AI-Driven Insights

## Predictive Analytics Models

- Discussing the application of predictive analytics models in CRM for forecasting sales trends, predicting customer behavior, and optimizing marketing campaigns.
- Exploring advanced machine learning techniques such as neural networks, decision trees, and ensemble methods for predictive modeling in CRM.

#### **10.3 Omni-Channel Customer Experience**

#### Multi-Channel Engagement Strategies

- Understanding the importance of delivering seamless and consistent customer experiences across multiple channels and touchpoints.
- Exploring omni-channel CRM strategies that integrate customer interactions across web, mobile, social media, email, and offline channels.

#### 10.4 Personalized and Hyper-Targeted Marketing Approaches

## Personalization Techniques

- Leveraging customer data, behavioral insights, and predictive analytics to deliver personalized marketing messages, product recommendations, and offers.
- Implementing hyper-targeted marketing campaigns based on individual preferences, purchase history, and browsing behavior to maximize engagement and conversion rates.

# C. Requirements:

#### 1. Commitment to Participation:

- Participants must commit to actively contributing to the development of the CRM course.
- Participants should be willing to select specific modules to work on and adhere to agreed timelines.

## 2. Skillset:

- Participants should have relevant skills and expertise in areas such as CRM, digital marketing, data analysis, instructional design, content creation, and video production.
- Participants should be capable of producing high-quality educational content in their chosen module(s).

#### 3. Access to Tools and Resources:

- Participants should have access to necessary tools and resources for content creation, such as presentation software, video editing software, code editors, etc:

## For example:

- ClipChamp Video Creator
- Power Point / Canvas
- Required software, Code, ...
- Access to relevant CRM platforms or software for demonstration purposes is beneficial.

#### 4. Commitment to Collaboration:

- Participants must actively engage in collaborative discussions and decision-making within the Zalo group.
  - Participants should be open to feedback, suggestions, and contributions from other participants.

#### 5.Deliverables:

#### 1. Slide Deck:

- Participants are required to create a comprehensive slide deck for their chosen module(s) following the provided course outline.
- Slides should be visually appealing, well-organized, and include relevant content, graphics, and examples.

#### 2. Transcript:

- A detailed transcript of the presentation should be provided along with the slide deck. It is either English and/or Vietnamese (prefer English and along another Vietnamese version) Use Generative AI to support this point.
- The transcript should include thorough explanations of each slide's content, ensuring clarity and understanding for learners.

#### 3. Code (if applicable):

- For modules that involve technical demonstrations or examples, participants should provide sample code snippets, scripts, or configurations.
  - Code should be well-commented and annotated to explain its purpose and functionality.

#### 4. Demo (if applicable):

- Participants may include live demonstrations or simulations of CRM features, workflows, or processes.
  - Demos should be recorded and integrated into the presentation or provided as separate video files.

#### 5. Video Presentation:

- Participants are required to record a video presentation of their module(s) using screen recording software or video editing tools.
- The video should cover the content of the slide deck, providing additional context, insights, and explanations.
  - Videos should be engaging, well-paced, and professionally presented.

#### 6. Commitment Timeline:

- Participants must provide a timeline outlining their planned milestones, including deadlines for completing each deliverable.
- Participants should commit to adhering to the agreed-upon timeline and communicate any delays or challenges promptly.

## Collaboration and Tracking:

#### 1. Zalo Group Formation:

- A dedicated Zalo group will be formed for participants to collaborate, discuss, and track progress on a weekly basis.
- Participants are expected to actively engage in group discussions, provide updates, and seek assistance or feedback as needed.

#### 2. Weekly Progress Tracking:

- Weekly progress updates should be shared within the Zalo group, outlining achievements, challenges, and next steps.
- Participants should communicate any issues or concerns promptly to ensure timely resolution and course development.

## D. Compensation:

Please refer to the compensation policy on Educonnhub.com